

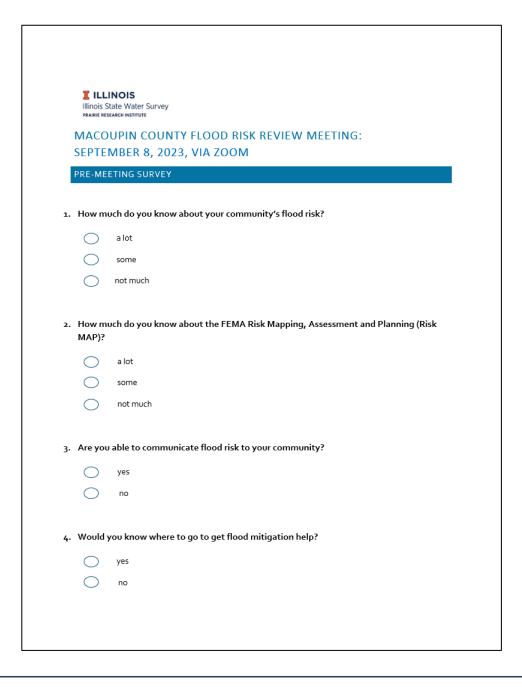
Illinois State Water Survey PRAIRIE RESEARCH INSTITUTE

Macoupin County Flood Risk Review Meeting



ILLINOIS
Illinois State Water Survey
PRAIRIE RESEARCH INSTITUTE





Agenda

Rollcall
Introduction
Project Objectives and Goals
Project Scope
Hydrologic Study Methods
Hydraulic Study Methods
Web Map Overview and Draft Floodplain Review
Communication and Next Step
Risk Communication and Mitigation Actions
Community Participation
Discussion



Rollcall

Village of BenId*

Village of Brighton * *

City of Bunker Hill + *

City of Carlinville * *

Village of Chesterfield

Village of Dorchester

Village of Eagarville

Village of East Gillespie

City of Gillespie **

City of Girard*

Village of Hettick

Village of Lake Ka-Ho

Village of Medora

Village of Modesto

Village of Mount Clare

City of Mount Olive*

Village of Nilwood

Village of Palmyra

Village of Royal Lakes*

Village of Sawyerville

Village of Scottville

Village of Shipman

Village of Standard City

City of Staunton + *

City of Virden + *

Village of White City

City of Wilsonville*

Macoupin County **

IDNR/OWR

FEMA

IEMA

Anyone else

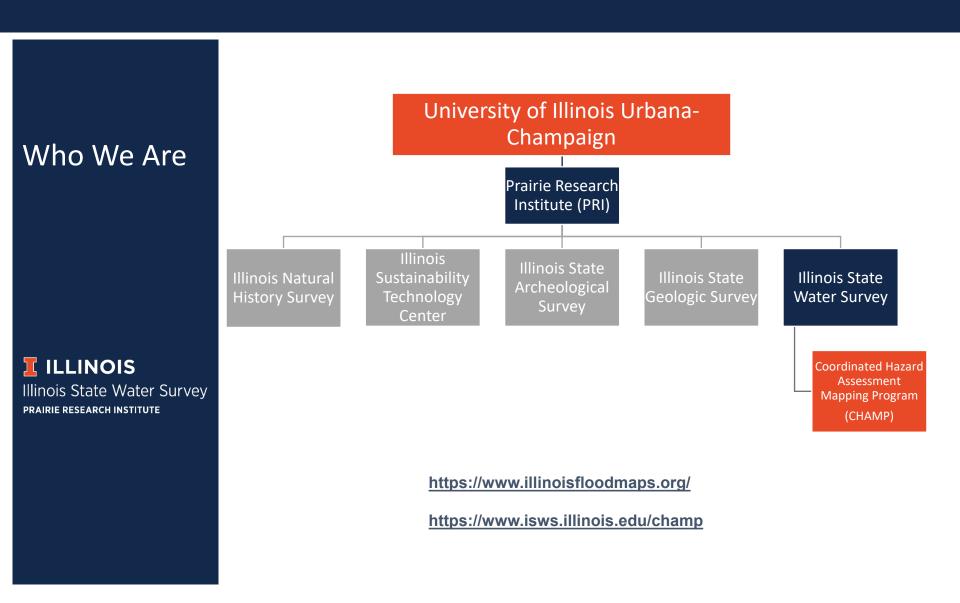


⁺ Community participates in NFIP

^{*} Participating Jurisdictions represented in 2019 Multi-Jurisdictional All Hazards Mitigation Plan

Introduction

Introduction





Introduction

Our Partners

FEMA

ISWS is a <u>Cooperating Technical Partner</u> (CTP) with the

Federal Emergency Management Agency. (FEMA)



IDNR-OWR

ISWS partners with The Illinois Department of Natural Resources-Office of Water Resources (IDNR-OWR).

Together we prioritize Illinois floodplain studies and mapping projects.



Illinois State Water Survey PRAIRIE RESEARCH INSTITUTE

Your Community

ISWS provides ongoing engagement with state and local officials and watershed stakeholders to reduce flood risk.

Project Objectives and Goals

Illinois Countywide Digital FIRM Funding Status

102 Counties

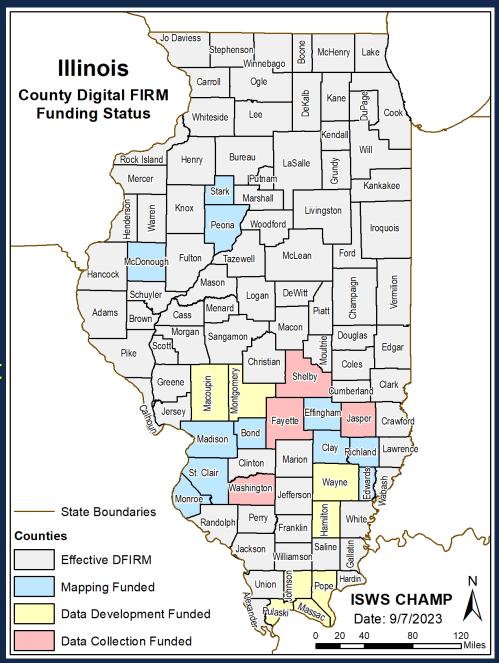
79 effective digital FIRMs ✓

09 funded for mapping

10 funded for data development

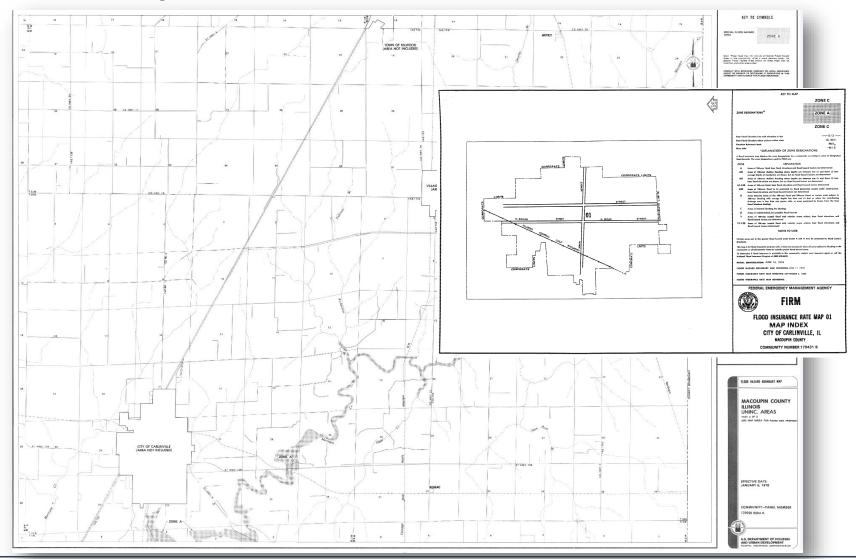
04 funded for data collection

Macoupin County
In data development phase
Anticipated funding for
preliminary maps FY24



Effective Paper FIRM

A graphical representation of the real world



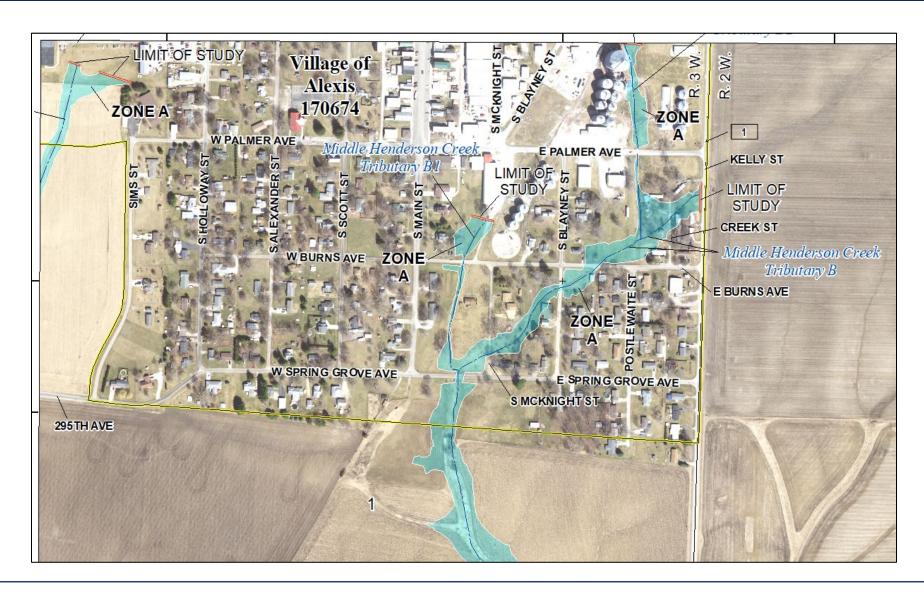
Example of Paper map vs. Digital map

Old Paper Map

Current Effective Digital Map



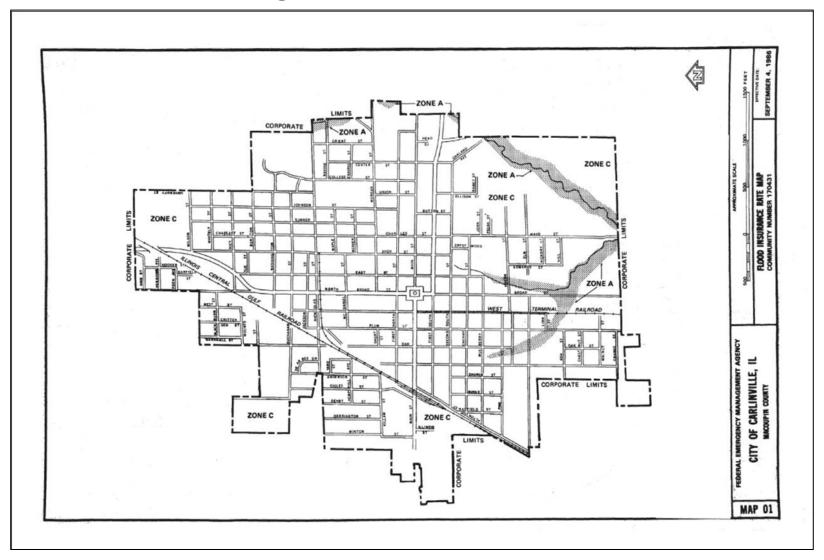
Paper Map to Digital Map



Effective Map & FIS Dates

Community Name	Effective Map Date	Effective FIS Date
City of Carlinville	09/04/1986	NA
City of Gillespie	08/04/1987	NA
City of Staunton	07/17/1981	NA
City of Virden	08/02/2007	08/02/2007
Macoupin County Unincorporated	01/06/1978	NA

City of Carlinville



Data Development <-- -- Regulatory Mapping

Draft Map (not released) For Flood Risk Review (FRR) web map review & comment

Updated Draft Map

For FEMA Data Submission Notification Letter- AKA "621"

web map & Db review & comment map phase Preliminary (released)

> For Community and Public Review

Comment Period & **Appeal Period**

nap phase Final

LFD

(released as pending)

For Community Ordinance Review and Adoption

(Limited FP Mgt use)

map phase Effective (regulatory)

> For Flood Insurance & Floodplain Management Use

Flood Risk Review Meeting

draft engineering model results and draft floodplain delineations



End of Data Development

Resolve FRR comments If necessary, update the models/delineations/Db Issue FEMA "621" letter



Preliminary Products

Released as **Preliminary Products** (FIRM Db, FIRM Panels, FIS)

Plus PSOMA

Post Preliminary Processing



Final Products

Released as Final Products - Pending (FIRM Db, FIRM Panels, FIS)

Plus FSOMA



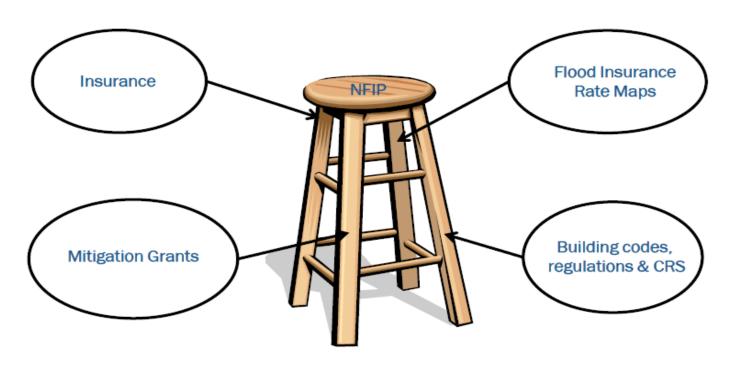
Effective Products

Previously released Final Products are Effective (FIRM Db, FIRM Panels, FIS)

Plus Revalidation Letters



National Flood Insurance Program



- Insure homes and businesses against flood-related losses
- Identify and map flood hazards
- Mitigate to reduce flood impacts
- Adopt and enforce floodplain management regulations



Project Scope

What is a Special Flood Hazard Area?

The FEMA Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA) represents areas mapped as having a 1% annual chance of being inundated by the base flood in any given year. Riverine hydraulic analysis typically results in SFHA designation as **Zone A** or Zone AE, based on the analysis level deemed appropriate for the study area.

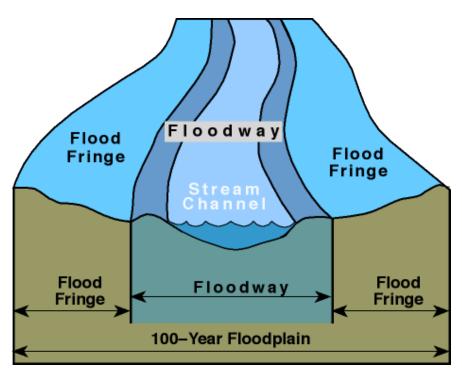
The Base Flood Elevation (BFE) is the elevation of surface water resulting from a flood that has a 1% chance of equaling or exceeding that level in any given year.

Zone A	Areas subject to inundation by the 1-percent-annual-chance flood event. NO Base Flood Elevations are shown.
Zone AE	Areas subject to inundation by the 1-percent-annual-chance flood event. Base Flood Elevations ARE shown.



Floodway

The floodway is the channel of a stream plus any adjacent floodplain areas that must be kept free of encroachment so that the 1% annual chance flood can be carried without substantial increases in flood heights.

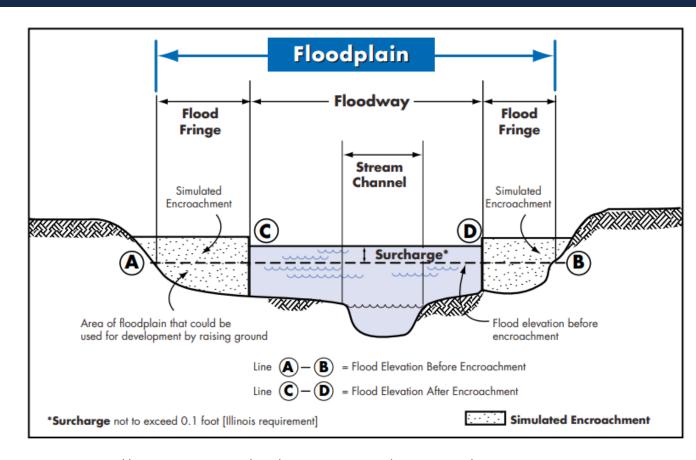




Floodway

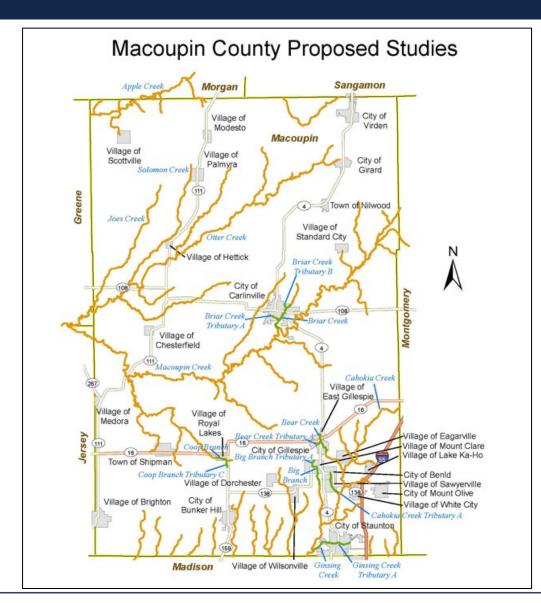
Illinois Floodways are unique:

- 0.1-foot maximum surcharge
- Max 10%
 reduction is
 storage
 volume
- Max 10% increase in flow velocity



Credit: https://www2.illinois.gov/dnr/WaterResources/Documents/Resman_ILFPMQuickGuide.pdf

Project Scope



Macoupin County Data Development Summary:

- 19 miles of **Zone AE** streams studied
- 392 miles of **Zone A** streams studied

Proposed Stream Study Type

Zone A





Project Milestones

Project Initiation Community Coordination meeting March 2, 2021, via Zoom

FEMA Standard ID 620 letters- dated March 15, 2021; (email attachment with some communities receiving USPS mailed letters); 30-day comment period

Flood Risk Review Meeting (today)- with community 30-day comment period

State Review and Approval

Development of Digital Flood Insurance Rate Maps (DFIRMs)

Release of Preliminary DFIRMs and Public Open House

DFIRMs become Effective

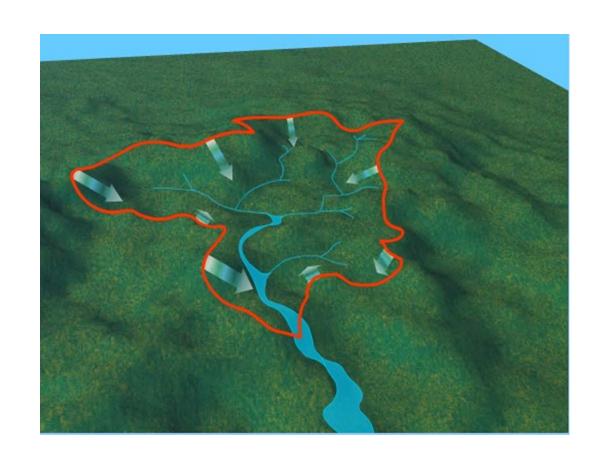


Hydrology Study Methods

Hydrology

Annual Chance Flood Frequency Intervals required for FEMA

- For the <u>Zone AE</u> hydrology, HEC-HMS rainfall-runoff model studied the 10%, 4%, 2%, 1% (base flood), 0.2%, and 1%+ flow frequencies.
- For the <u>Zone A</u> hydrology USGS StreamStats was used to calculate the 10%, 4%, 2%, 1% (base flood), 0.2%, and 1%+ flow frequencies.



Hydrology Study Methods

HEC-HMS modeling used for **Zone AE** studies

A number of lakes were also studied utilizing HMS (shown below):

Summary of Stillwater Areas in Macoupin Study Area (SA3-SA5)				HMS Model
Stillwater / Lake Name	Zone	ISWS SA	ISWS River / Reach	Y/N
Lake Carlinville	Α	5	Honey Creek	Υ
Otter Lake	Α	3	West Fork Otter Creek	Υ
Old Gillespie Lake	Α	5	Dry Fork	Υ
New Gillespie Lake	Α	5	Dry Fork	Υ
Shad Lake	AE	5	Coop Branch	Υ

Summary of Stillwater Areas in Macoupin Study Area (SA8)				HMS Model
, , , , ,				
Stillwater / Lake Name	Zone	ISWS SA	ISWS River / Reach	Y/N
Benld Lake	AE	8	Cahokia Creek Trib	Υ
Lower Columbia Quarry	Α	8	Bear Creek	Υ
Staunton Reservoir	Α	8	East Creek	Y
Mt. Olive Lake	Α	8	Panther Creek	Υ



Hydraulic Study Methods

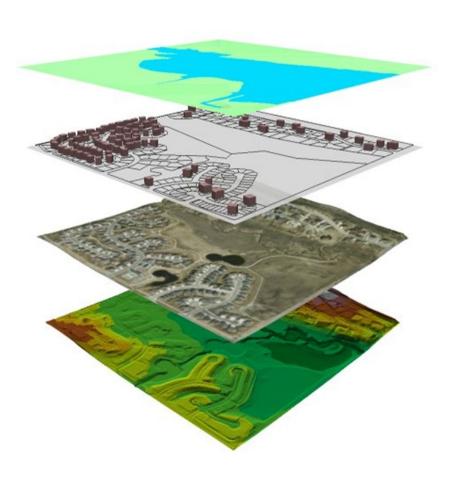
Hydraulics

 Army Corps of Engineers Hydrologic Engineering **Center River Analysis** System (HEC-RAS)

 1D Steady State Analysis (Modeling to all FEMA Standards, Technical References, and Guidelines)

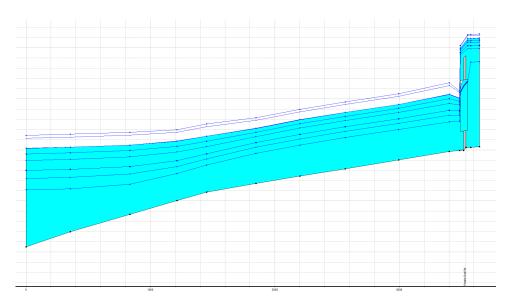
Hydraulic Data

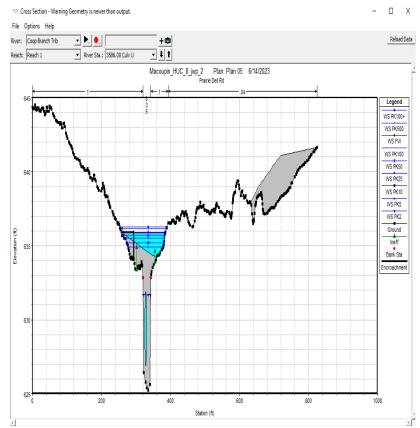
- 1. LiDAR Collected in 2017 from ISGS Data Clearinghouse, "Illinois Height Modernization Progaram"
- 2. As-built Plans IDOT, Local Governments
- 3. Field Survey Collected by sub-consultant
- 4. USGS National Land Cover Database, 2016
- 5. Basemap Ortho Photos 2017



Hydraulics

- Water Surface Elevations
- Exported to GIS for mapping





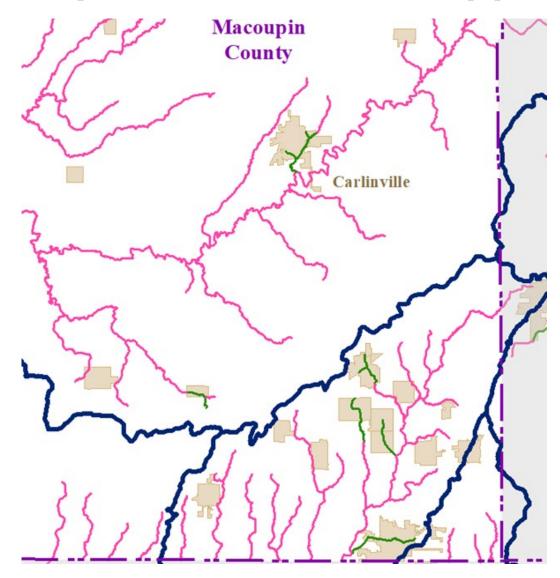
Hydraulics: Results

Base Flood Elevation (BFE) Comparison

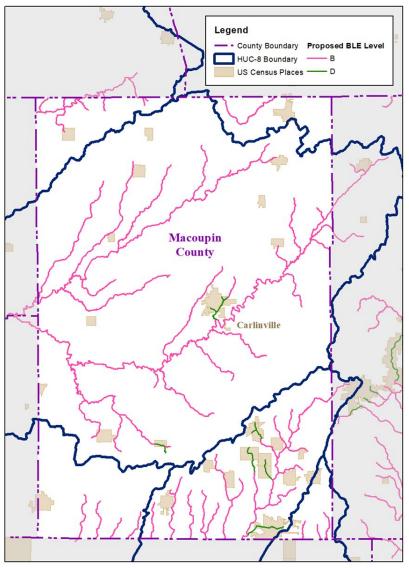
There are no effective Zone AE studies in Macoupin County to compare the new BFE's to.

Comparisons can be made between newly delineated boundaries and effective base flood boundaries and structures affected (see web map)

Proposed Zone AE Mapping

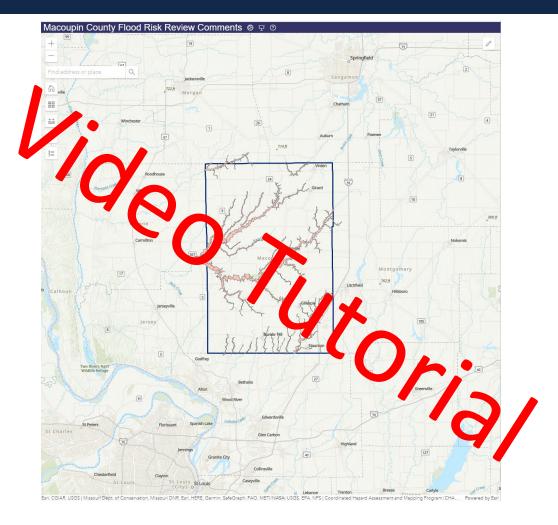


Proposed Zone AE and A Mapping



Webmap

Webmap Comment Feature



https://www.illinoisfloodmaps.org/commentmap/macoupin.htm

Password: watershed Log in: illinoisfloods!123

Communication and Next Steps

Communication Plan

Project Initiation Community Coordination meeting – virtual 03/02/2021

Proposed Engineering Methods Notification (FEMA SID 620) letter-03/15/2021- email attachment; some communities received USPS letters

30-Day Comment Period starts today

Data Submission Notification (FEMA SID621) Letter

Data Submission Notification Letter FEMA SID 621

Mailed to community CEO's

Informs the communities that the data collection and analysis (Data Development) phase of the project is concluding, and the FIRM database is being validated by FEMA

Gives Communities 30 days to comment on the data in the FIRM database 30-Day Comment Period starts today



Schedule

Project Initiation Community Coordination meeting – 03/02/2021

Flood Risk Review Meeting (today); Comment period ending October 9, 2023

Submit Flood Studies to IDNR for State review

Complete draft FIRM database to conclude data development phase of project

Digital Flood Insurance Rate Map Project to follow pending conclusion of data development



Hazard Mitigation- Declarations 1999 to present https://www.fema.gov/disaster/declarations

Declaration	Date of Declaration	Disaster Description	Type of Assistance
EM-3577	December 13, 2021	Severe Storms, Straight-line Winds, and Tornadoes	Public Assistance
DR-4489-IL	March 26, 2020	Biological - COVID-19 Pandemic	Individuals and Public
EM-3435-IL	March 13, 2020	Biological - COVID-19	Public Assistance
DR-1800-IL	October 3, 2008	Severe Storms and Flooding	Public Assistance
DR-1681-IL	February 9, 2007	Severe Winter Storm	Public Assistance
EM-3230-IL	September 7, 2005	Hurricane Katrina Evacuation	Public Assistance
DR-1416-IL	May 21, 2002	Severe Storms, Tornadoes and Flooding	Individual Assistance
DR-684-IL	June 6, 1983	Severe Storms, Tornadoes and Flooding	Public Assistance
DR-674-IL	December 13, 1982	Severe Storms, Tornadoes and Flooding	Public Assistance

Hazard Mitigation

Paragraph 3.5 FLOODS

- **Riverine Flooding**
- **Shallow Flooding**
- Flash Flooding.

Flood Fast Facts - Occurrences

Number of General Floods Reported (1982 - 2017): 6 Number of Flash Floods Reported (1998 - 2017): 25 Most Likely Month for Flash Floods to Occur: May Most Likely Time for Flash Floods to Occur: Evening Number of Federally-Declared Disasters Related to General/Flash Flooding: 4

Flood Fast Facts - Impacts/Risk

General Flood Impacts

- Total Property Damage: n/a
- Infrastructure/Critical Facilities Damage*: n/a
- Total Crop Damage: n/a
- Injuries: n/a

Fatalities: n/a

Flash Flood Impacts

- Total Property Damage: \$5,000
- Infrastructure/Critical Facilities Damage*: n/a
- Total Crop Damage: \$5,000
- Injuries: n/a Fatalities: n/a

Flood Risk/Vulnerability to:

- Public Health & Safety General Flooding: Low
- Public Health & Safety Flash Flooding: Medium
- Buildings/Infrastructure/Critical Facilities: Medium/High
- Infrastructure/Critical Facilities Damage totals are included in the Total Property Damage amounts.

MACOUPIN COUNTY Multi-Jurisdictional All Hazards Mitigation Plan





PARTICIPANTS

Benld, City of Brighton, Village of Bunker Hill, City of Carlinville, City of Gillespie, City of Girard, City of

Macoupin County Mount Olive, City of Royal Lakes, Village of Staunton, City of Virden, City of Wilsonville, City of

FEBRUARY 2019

The five year update of this Plan must be completed on or before December 23, 2024



Risk Communication and Mitigation **Actions**

Floodsmart.gov

- Community Resources
 - Flood Maps
 - Cost of Flooding
 - What is Covered?
 - How to Reduce Your Costs
 - Tools

FEMA.gov

- National Insurance Program (NFIP)
- Hazard Mitigation Planning
 - Mitigation Best Practices
 - Mitigation Planning and Grants
 - Regulations and Guidance



Community Participation

Community Impact

Why New Floodplain Map Can Affect a Community:

Can affect which residents are required to carry flood insurance

Depicts areas of communities which are subject to floodplain management regulations

Can affect community planning and flood mitigation



Community Participation

Now is the time to review the draft floodplain mapping for your community

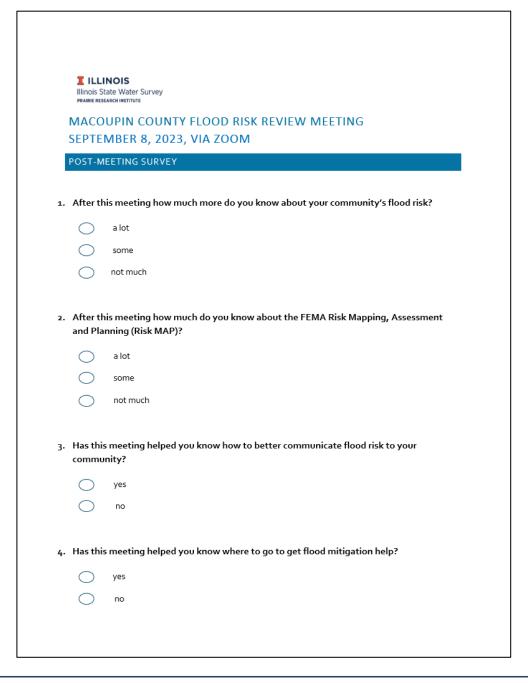
Who is affected?

Is the mapping reasonable and/or consistent with your community's experience with flooding?

Make comments if something does not look right or make sense.

Provide data or information if it could support a change in the draft mapping

Ask questions.





Questions?

ILLINOIS Illinois State Water Survey

PRAIRIE RESEARCH INSTITUTE

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Senior Hydraulic Engineer: Chris Hanstad, P.E., CFM

<u>hanstand@Illinois.edu</u> – (217) 244-3322

www.illinoisfloodmaps.org

Additional Contacts

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FEMA R5 Flood Insurance Liaison: James Sink james.sink@fema.dhs.gov

Illinois NFIP Coordinator: Erin C. Conley, CFM erin.c.conley@lllinois.gov — (217) 782-4428